

Contribution of chronic disease to educational inequalities in the burden of disability

Bart Klijs, Wilma Nusselder, Caspar Looman, Johan Mackenbach



Background

- Socioeconomic inequalities in health and disabilities are large and persisting.
- The extent specific chronic diseases contribute to educational inequalities in the prevalence of disability is largely unknown.

References

- 1. Mackenbach et al. Socioeconomic inequalities in health in 22 European countries. N Engl J Med 2008;358(23):2468-81.
- 2. Kunst et al. Trends in socioeconomic inequalities in self-assessed health in 10 European countries. *Int J Epidemiol* 2005;34(2):295-305.
- 3. Huisman M, Kunst A, Deeg D, Grigoletto F, Nusselder W, Mackenbach J. Educational inequalities in the prevalence and incidence of disability in Italy and the Netherlands were observed. *J Clin Epidemiol* 2005;58(10):1058-65.



Research questions

- 1. Which diseases contribute most to educational inequalities in the prevalence of disability?
- 2. Which diseases contribute by:
 - -educational differences in disabling impact
 - -educational differences in disease prevalence
 - -both



Methods: data

- Pooled cross-sectional data from the Dutch Permanent Life Situation Survey 2001-2007 (Statistics Netherlands); institutionalized population not included.
- Self-reported information on disease, disability, educational level, age, sex
- OECD indicator for disability:
 - -7 questions: mobility (3), hearing (2), and vision (2)
 - -disabled = at least 1 question answered with

 'No, I can't' or 'Yes, with major difficulty' (4 answer cats)



Methods: disease groups and education

- Out of 20 questions, 10 disease groups were compiled including:
 Musculoskeletal disease, Cardiovascular disease, DM, Cancer,
 CNSLD (lung) and Other.
- Education measured according to highest completed level:
 - -elementary
 - -lower secondary
 - -upper secondary
 - -tertiary



Methods: calculations

- Attribution of disability to diseases: multivariate additive regression model yielding cause specific disability by age and sex (Nusselder & Looman; Demography 2004).
- The cause specific disability determined by:
 disease prevalence (1) and disabling impact of specific diseases (2)
- Model specifications:
- 1. disabling impact: background effect + disease effect
- 2. background effect varies by age
- 3. disease effect varies by age, same age pattern for all diseases
- 4. separate models for each educational level

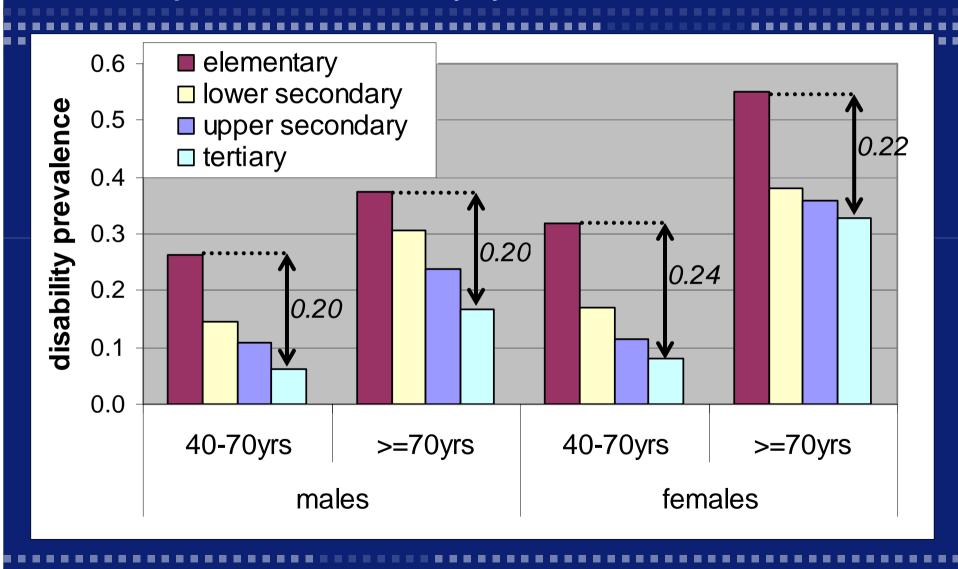


Methods: characteristics of study sample

- Approached 2001-2007: 110,766; response: 69,140
- 22,876 no disability info or <12 yrs (12,722)
- 624: information on education missing; 3268: disease info missing
- Study population: N=42,372



Results: prevalence of disability by education



Results: educational differences (elementary - tertiary)

	40-70 yrs	>70 yrs
DM	5.6	4.0
Stroke	3.2	2.5
Heart disease	7.8	3.7
Peripheral vascular	4.6	6.1
Cancer	0.3	0.1
CNSLD	5.3	6.6
Back pain	9.0	2.4
Arthritis	10.9	2.7
Disorder neck/arm	10.4	5.3
Other	4.7	-2.7

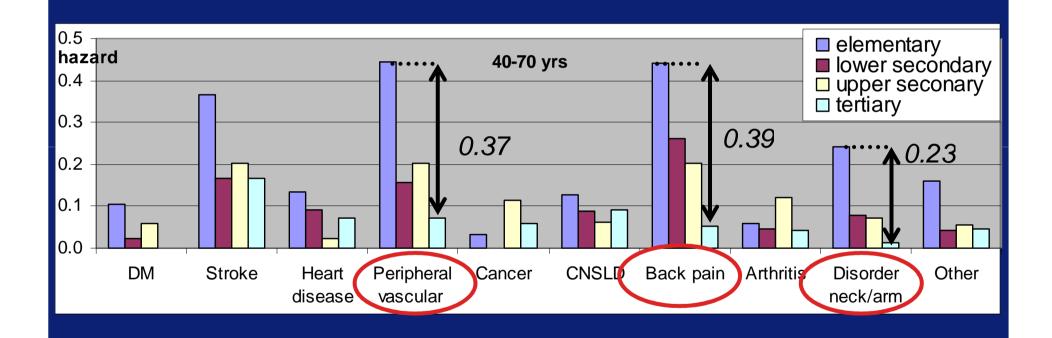


Results: educational differences (elementary - tertiary) <iri in disease prevalence (%) - females

	40-70 yrs	>70 yrs
DM	6.8	11.6
Stroke	2.8	1.7
Heart disease	4.2	1.8
Peripheral vascular	3.0	-6.9
Cancer	0.7	-0.9
CNSLD	4.5	2.6
Back pain	4.9	3.1
Arthritis	13.0	-1.1
Disorder neck/arm	7.5	4.9
Other	6.1	4.5

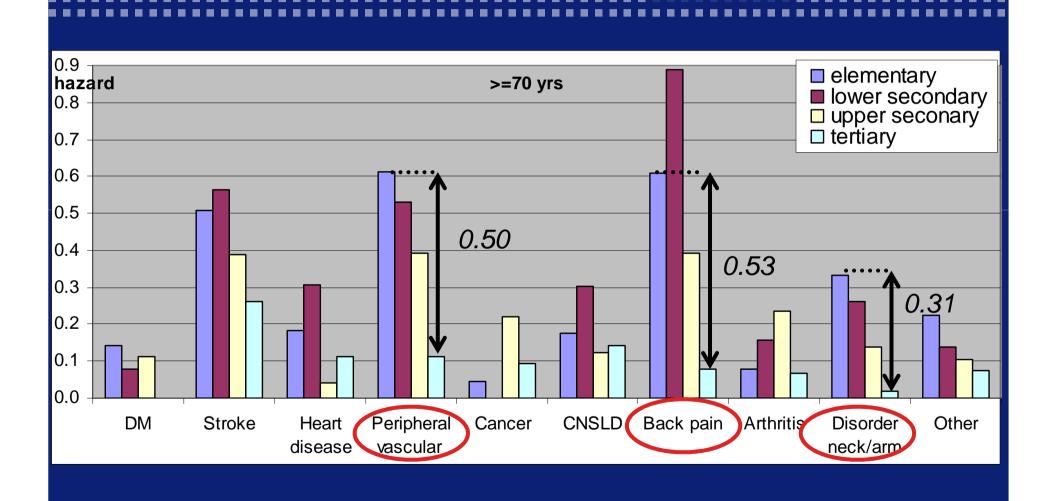


Results: disabling impact by education - males



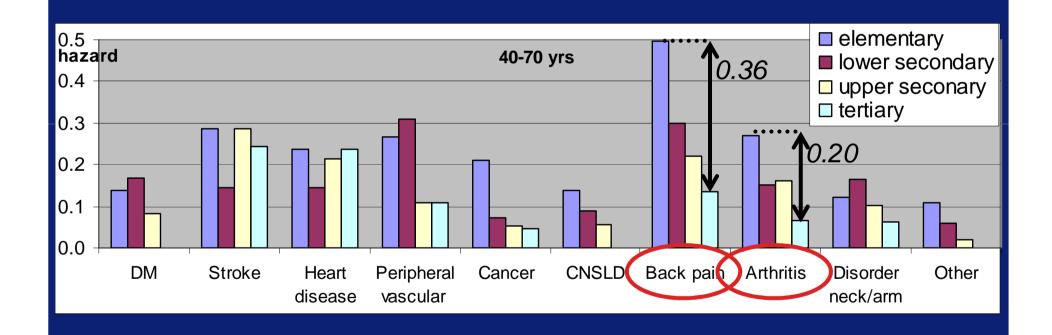


Results: disabling impact by education - males



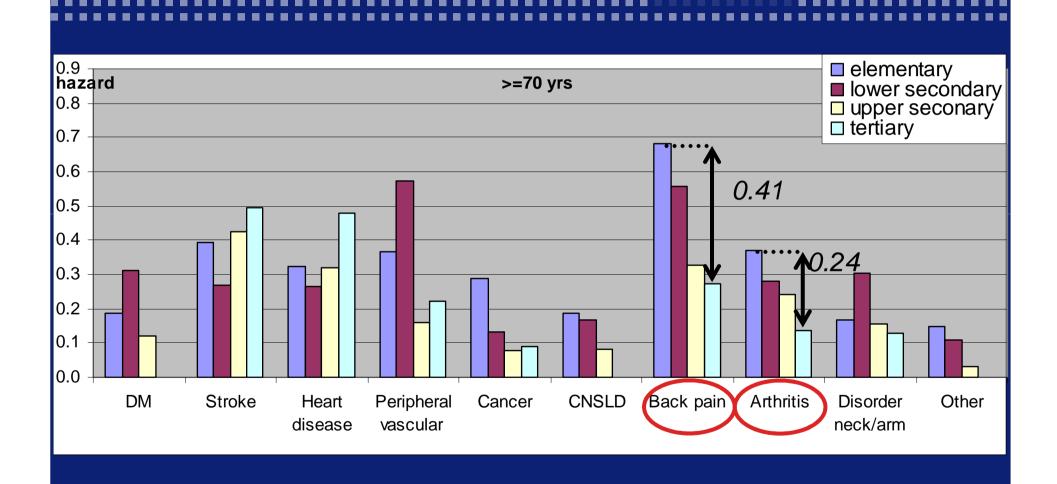


Results: disabling impact by education - females



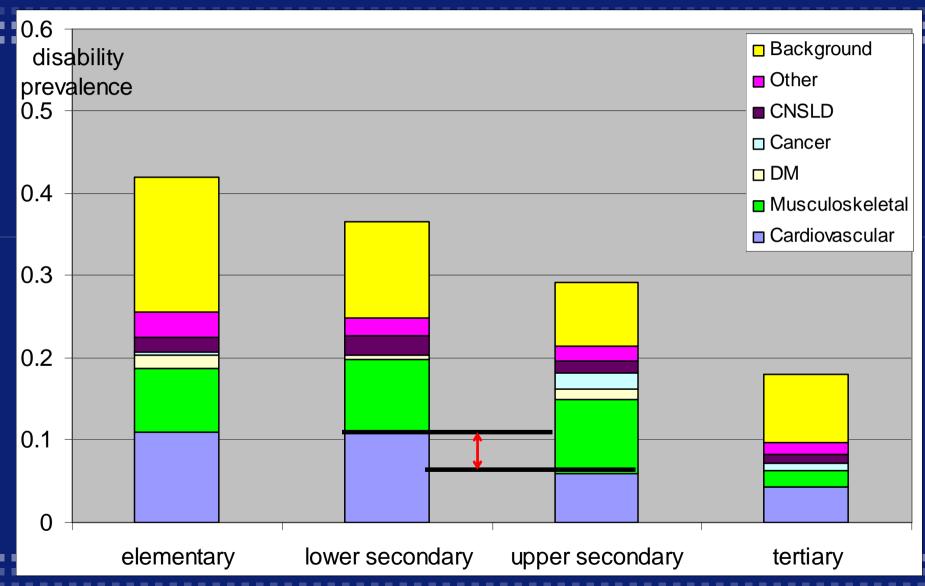


Results: disabling impact by education - females



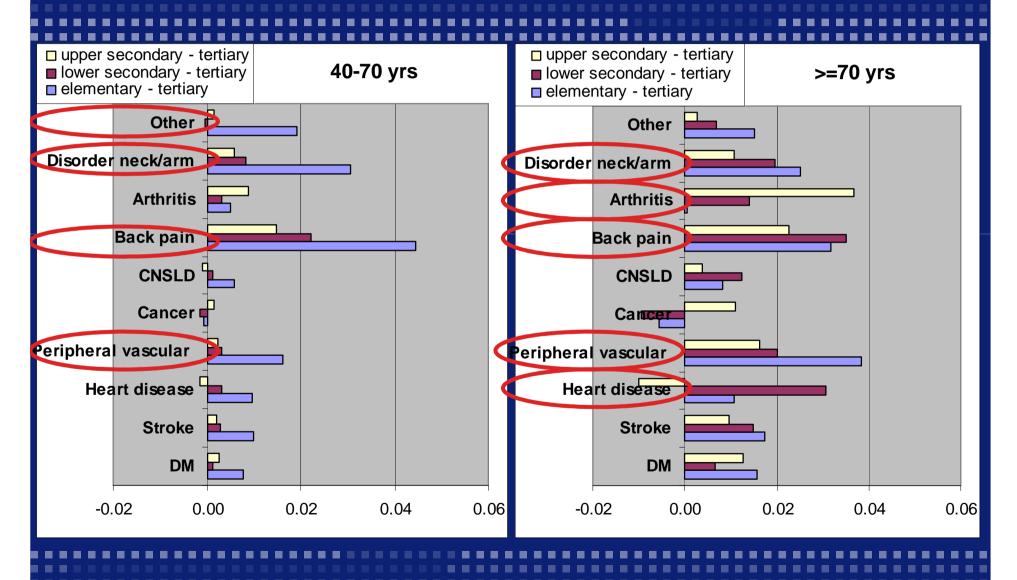


Results: Contribution disease to educational difference in disability prevalence – males >=70 yrs



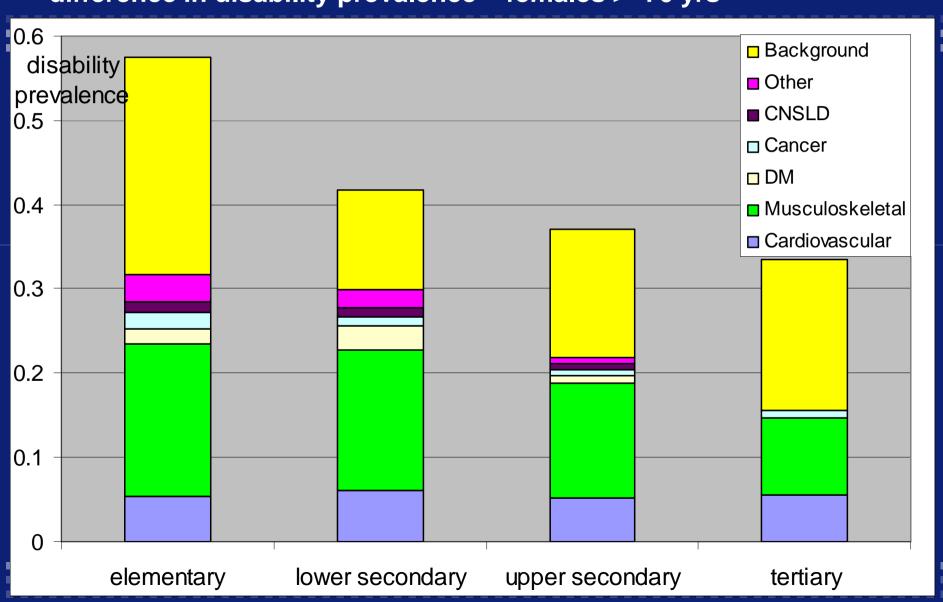


Results: Contribution disease to educational difference in disability prevalence - males



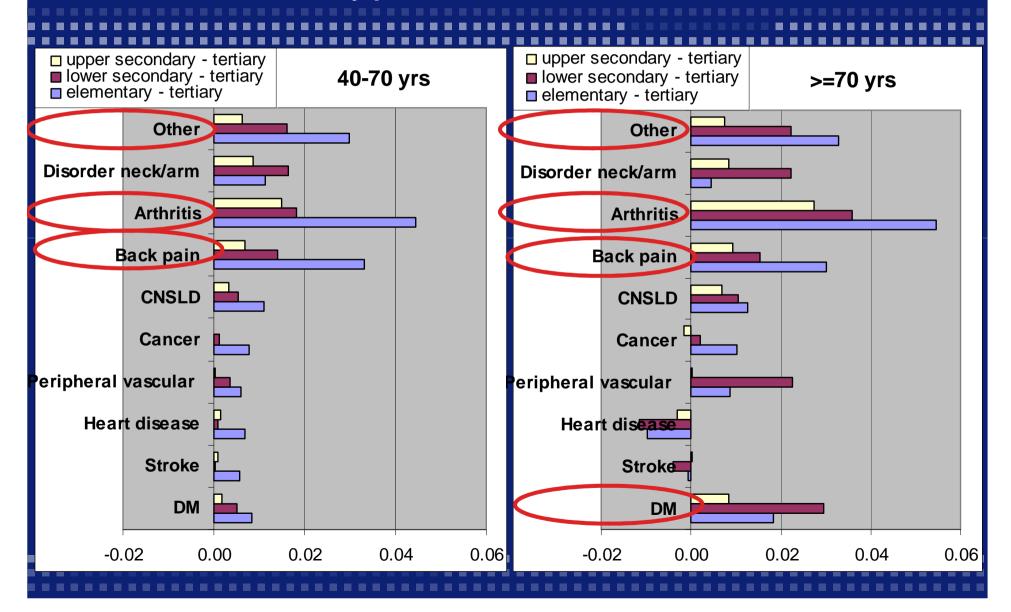


Results: Contribution disease to educational difference in disability prevalence – females >=70 yrs





Results: Contribution disease to educational difference in disability prevalence - females





Conclusion: diseases that contribute most to educational differences in disability

	Main contributor to educational difference in disability	Disease Prevalence	Disabling impact
Younger males	Back pain	+	+
	Disorder neck/arm	+	+
	PVD	+/-	+
	Other	+/-	+/-
Older males	Also: Arthritis and	+/-	+/-
	Heart disease	+/-	+/-
Younger females	Younger females Arthritis		+
	Back pain	+/-	+
	Other	+	+/-
Older females	er females Also DM		+/-

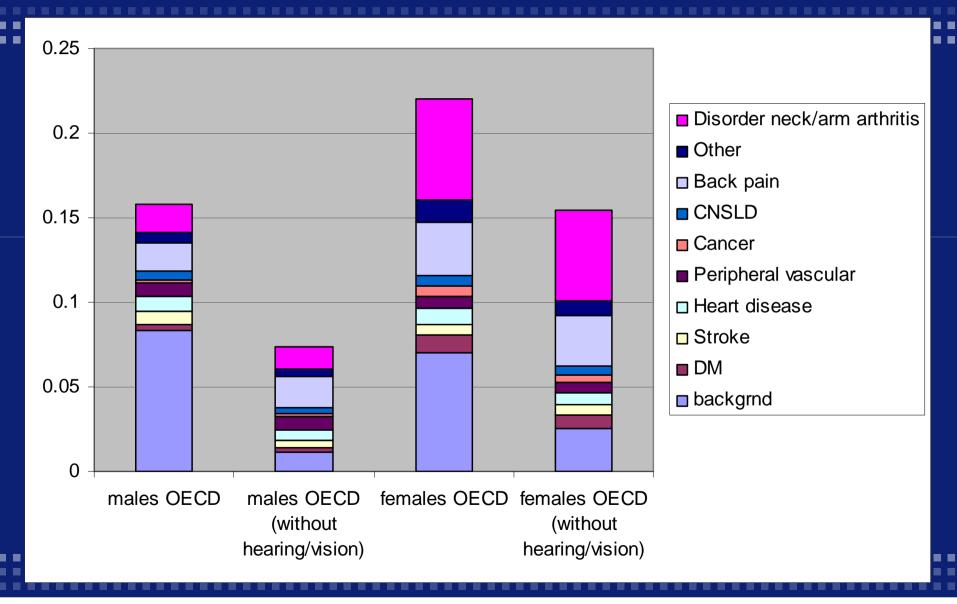


THANK YOU!

	DISEASE GROUPS	ORIGINAL QUESTIONS
	diabetes mellitus (DM)	1. Do you have diabetes?
C V	stroke	2. Have you ever had stroke, cerebral bleeding or cerebral infarction?
D	heart disease	4. Have you ever had a myocardial infarction?5. Have you suffered from any severe myocardial disorder (e.g. cardiac failure or angina pectoris)
	peripheral vascular disease (PVD)	6. Have you suffered from narrow arteries in legs or abdomen during past twelve months?
	cancer	7. Have you ever had any form of cancer?
	chronic non-specific lung disease (CNSLD)	9. Have you suffered from asthma, chronic bronchitis, emphysema of lung or CNSLD during past twelve months?
Mu scul	back pain	10. Have you suffered from severe or persistent back disorder during past twelve months? -Are you still suffering from this disorder?
o- skel etal	arthritis	11. Have you suffered from joint degeneration during past twelve months?12. Have you suffered from chronic joint inflammation during past twelve months?
	disorder neck/arm	13. Have you suffered from any disorder of neck or shoulder during past twelve months?-Are you still suffering from this disorder?14. Have you suffered from any disorder of elbow, wrist or hand during past twelve months?-Are you still suffering from this disorder?
	other	 15. Have you suffered from migraine or frequent severe headache during past twelve months? 16. Have you suffered from dizziness with falling during past twelve months? 17. Have you suffered from severe or persistent disorder of intestine for more than three months during past twelve months? 18. Have you suffered from involuntary loss of urine (incontinence) during past twelve months? 19. Have you suffered from psoriasis during past twelve months? 20. Have you suffered from chronic eczema during past twelve months?



Contribution diseases to prevalence of disability with and without 'hearing and vision'.





Methods: highest completed level of education

Set of questions:

- Are you currently receiving any education or training?
- Which education/training?
- What type of education (level)?
- Have you received a diploma?

Elementary	Lager onderwijs
Lower secondary	LBO, MAVO, VWO3
Upper secondary	HAVO, VWO, MBO
Tertiary	HBO, universiteit



